

**NGO PARTICIPATION IN THE
2013 ECOSOC
HIGH-LEVEL SEGMENT**

GENEVA, 1 – 4 JULY 2013

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Overview

The Economic and Social Council Resolution 1996/31 encourages participation from non-governmental organizations in Consultative Status with ECOSOC to submit statements during Council meetings. Statements can be submitted to the Council in two formats: written statements, circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations to the members of the Council; and oral presentations, delivered during Council meetings.

The 2013 High Level Segment (HLS) was held on 1 - 4 July 2013 at the Palais des Nations in Geneva. The HLS included a session on the Annual Ministerial Review (AMR) with the theme of “*Science, technology and innovation (STI), and the potential of culture, for promoting sustainable development and achieving the MDGs*”.

Quick Facts 2013, Geneva

- **147 NGOs submitted written statements for the HLS 2013**
- **50 NGOs were recommended to speak at the HLS**
- **26 NGOs were recommended to speak at the General Segment**
- **21 NGOs made oral presentations at the HLS 2013**

Quick Facts 2012, New York

- **120 NGOs submitted written statements for the HLS 2012**
- **66 NGOs were recommended to speak at the HLS 2012**
- **19 NGOs made oral presentations at the HLS 2012**

In order to solicit statements from NGOs on the theme of the AMR, the NGO Branch of the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs announced an Open Call for oral and written statements for NGOs in consultative status with ECOSOC. NGOs responded in unprecedented numbers as compared to the previous ECOSOC High Level Segment editions, as 78 requests to be heard by the Council were submitted to the NGO Branch. However, in order to maximize the participation of NGOs in the work of ECOSOC, the NGO Committee decided for the first time to recommend NGOs to speak at other agenda items during the General Segment.

50 NGOs were recommended by the NGO Committee to speak at the ECOSOC HLS, and **26** NGOs were recommended to speak at the ECOSOC General Segment. **147** NGOs submitted written statements that were included in the official ECOSOC documentation. This constituted a **22.5%** increase compared to 2012 when **120** NGOs submitted written statements. Also, NGOs participation increased during the event itself with **21** NGOs presenting oral statements compared to **19** NGOs in 2012.

Communication

The invitation extended to NGOs to submit their substantive contributions to ECOSOC proved to be fruitful. New tools were used to ensure a better outcome for this year's ECOSOC HLS. The NGO Branch decided this year to take further steps to ensure that the statements submitted significantly contributed to the work of ECOSOC in "*Science, technology and innovation (STI), and the potential of culture, for promoting sustainable development and achieving the MDGs*". These tools included a mass marketing campaign using social media, as well as posting the Open Call for statements announcement in thematic blogs, websites and forums. Direct marketing strategies were designed to target relevant NGOs actively working in this year's AMR theme of science, technology, innovation and culture for sustainable development and achieving the MDGs.

Google Analytics

By using Google Analytics, the NGO Branch effectively monitored its website traffic as well as online outreach effectiveness. Google Analytics was used as a great research tool to track the Branch's progress and helped boosting its strategy to outreach NGOs. Effectively identifying the websites with the most traffic via Google Analytics, the submission of written and oral statements increased significantly, ensuring that this year's NGO Contribution to the ECOSOC HLS would be rich of new initiatives and innovation.

Viral Outreach

The usage of a viral outreach campaign was crucial to achieve an all-time record participation of NGOs in the 2013 ECOSOC HLS. As the current trend of social networking websites continues to flourish, the NGO outreach has noticeably improved. Several social networking websites were efficiently used to spread the word to the NGO community, such as LinkedIn, Facebook, Twitter, Blogs, and NGO websites. A dedicated account in each of these social media outlets was created, and the Open Call announcement was posted in NGO group pages of LinkedIn, as well as IGO, NGO and NPO pages of Facebook, the recognized NGOs' twitter accounts, blogs ran by IGOs and NGOs as well as NGO websites such as NGO portal, NGO post and Idealist were heavily used to promote the 2013 High Level Segment participation.

One-to-One Outreach

The NGO Branch carried out an analysis of the NGOs in ECOSOC Consultative Status which dedicate most of their time and work to projects and field work in promoting science, technology and innovation for sustainable development. The list of NGOs was extracted from the DESA Civil Society database in order to reach NGOs working on the theme on an individual base. The NGO Branch selected 21 NGOs with an extensive background and a proven record of initiatives in science and technology

for development. The identified NGOs were contacted individually via emails and phone calls in order to advocate for their participation in the 2013 High Level Segment.

Open Call Mass emailing

Following the viral and one-to-one outreach, the NGO Branch sent out an Open Call mass mailing to all NGOs in consultative status with ECOSOC, a process done every year, to inform and encourage them to submit written and oral statements.

Orientation Session

The NGO Branch organized an orientation session for NGOs requesting to be heard by the High Level Segment of ECOSOC. The session was held on 1 July 2013 in Geneva to give NGOs a thorough introduction to the procedure and rules of delivering oral statements. Many NGOs attended the session, for which they were very grateful for, as it helped them understand the procedure of delivering oral statements during the General Debate.

Side Events

Several side events took place during the 2013 ECOSOC High Level Segment. The United Nations Non-Governmental Liaison Service and the United Nations Office at Geneva, in collaboration with EOSG/One Secretariat and the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA) organized a Dialogue with Civil Society on the Post-2015 Agenda. In addition, NGOs with consultative status with ECOSOC took the lead and organized successful events and maintained interesting discussions. The list of side events organized during the 2013 HLS is as follows:

Date	Organization	Title/ Theme	Description
Monday, 1 July 2013	The NGO Branch of the Office for ECOSOC Support and Coordination/DESA	Orientation session for NGOs requesting to be heard by the High Level Segment of ECOSOC	Briefing for NGOs recommended to speak during the HLS.
Monday, 1 July 2013	United Nations Non-Governmental Liaison Service and the United Nations Office at Geneva in collaboration with EOSG/One Secretariat and DESA	Dialogue with Civil Society: A Forward-looking Discussion on the Post-2015 Agenda	The discussion was centred on the effective participation of civil society in the shaping of the Post-2015 Development agenda.
Tuesday, 2 July 2013	International Federation of University Women (IFUW, Geneva), UNESCO, CERN	Women in science – a necessity?	The discussion focused on the role of women in science and technology. The panel analysed the current status; what is working and what is not, and defined some of the challenges for the future.

Date	Organization	Title/ Theme	Description
Wednesday, 3 rd July 2013	International Ecological Safety Collaborative Organization (IESCO, Beijing) (Special, 1996) ¹	Ecological safety and technology innovation	The panel discussed ways to tackle climate change, handle ecological crisis and achieve the sustainable development of economy, society, and ecology through cooperation with political parties, parliaments, governments, scientific research institutions as well as national think tanks around the world.

Oral Statements

A total of 78 NGOs participated in the open call for oral statements for the 2013 ECOSOC High Level Segment conducted by the NGO Branch. These NGOs submitted their request to be heard by the Council online at CSOnet, the website of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs that manages NGO Participation, including ECOSOC and its subsidiary bodies. The statements were further reviewed and recommended to the President of ECOSOC by the NGO Committee. 50 NGOs were recommended by the NGO Committee to speak at the ECOSOC HLS, and 28 NGOs were recommended to speak at the ECOSOC General Segment. The following non-governmental organizations were recommended to speak at the 2013 ECOSOC High Level Segment.

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status
Academic Council on the United Nations System	General	1996
Action Sensibilisation sur les Nouvelles Technologies de L'Information et de la Communication	Special	2011
African Citizens Development Foundation	Special	2009
Assemblea delle Donne per lo Sviluppo e la Lotta Contro L'Esclusione (ASDO)	Special	2008
Association des Etats Generaux des Etudiants de l'Europe	Special	1998
Association des Jeunes pour l'Agriculture du Mali	Special	2012
Association Mauritanienne pour la promotion du droit	Special	2011
Association Points-Coeur	Special	2005
Center for Africa Development and Progress	Special	2012
Center for Practice-Oriented Feminist Science (PROFS)	Special	2001
Centro di Ricerca e Documentazione Febbraio 74	General	2002
Child Helpline International	Special	2011
CIBJO - The World Jewellery Confederation	Special	2006
CIFA Convention of Independent Financial Advisors	Special	2007
Confédération Européenne des Cadres CEC	Special	2012
Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations in Consultative Relationship with the United Nations (CONGO)	General	2002

¹ Special, General and Roster are three different types of Consultative Status, as established in ECOSOC Resolution 1996/31. The year shown is the year the organization had obtained the status.

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status
Environmental Management for Livelihood Improvement - Bwaise Facility	Special	2011
Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo	Special	2004
Gazeteciler ve Yazarlar Vakfi	General	2012
HYDROAID Water for Development Institute	Special	2011
Innovation: Africa	Special	2012
Institute of International Social Development	Special	2000
International Committee for Arab-Israeli Reconciliation	Special	2006
International Council of Scientific Unions	Special	1971
International Federation for Family Development	General	2011
International Federation for Home Economics	Special	1981
International Federation of University Women	Special	1947
International Human Rights & Anti-Corruption Society	Special	2012
International Ontopsychology Association	Special	1999
Internet Society	Special	2010
Legiao da Boa Vontade - Legion of Good Will	General	1999
Major Alliance Education Centre (MAEC)	Special	2012
Manavata	Special	2012
National Council of Child Rights Advocates, Nigeria: South West Zone	Special	2011
New Future Foundation, Inc.	Special	2008
Objectif Sciences International	Special	2011
Observatorio Mexicano de la Crisis, Asociación Civil	Special	2012
ONG Hope International	General	2011
Organisation Mondiale des associations pour l'éducation prénatale	Special	2005
Organisation pour la Communication en Afrique et de Promotion de la Cooperation Economique Internationale - OCAPROCE Internationale	Special	2008
Osservatorio per la Comunicazione Culturale e l'Audiovisivo nel Mediterraneo e nel Mondo	Special	2005
Save the Children International	General	1993
Shanta Memorial Rehabilitation Centre	Special	2011
Society for Human advancement and Disadvantaged Empowerment (SHADE)	Special	2011
Sudanese Women General Union	Special	2007
Unión de Asociaciones Familiares	Special	2005
United Cities and Local Governments	General	1947
Unnayan Onneshan	Special	2012
Virtue Foundation	Special	2005
Women's Health and Education Center	Special	2008

In his opening remarks for the High Level Segment, the President of ECOSOC, Mr. Nestor Osorio, highlighted that many fields of human endeavour had made significant improvements in just a few generations, yet there were still over one billion people living in extreme poverty. Science, technology, innovation and culture could significantly influence each of the three dimensions of sustainable development – economic, social and environmental – and presented huge opportunities for states to create and foster an enabling environment for science, technology, and innovation at the national level, and to use culture to improve lives.

By the time the Economic and Social Council concluded its High-Level Segment general debate on the AMR theme of *science, technology and innovation, and the potential of culture, for promoting sustainable development and achieving the*

Millennium Development Goals, 21 representatives of non-governmental organizations had taken the floor to discuss how science, technology, innovation and culture could be integrated into policymaking and the post-2015 development agenda in their different areas of expertise. Following are some extracts of the main messages they delivered during the General Debate sessions of Wednesday 3rd of July and Thursday 4th of July.

On the 3rd of July 2013, representatives of three NGOs took the floor in the evening session of the General Debate: *Legion of Good Will* said that the key to achieving an equitable society was to improve educational technology. *Global Fund for Democracy and Development* said that it was important for new technologies to be integrated into education. *International Council for Scientific Unions* said that pursuing a business-as-usual development path would not work; we need sustainable models of development that have science, technology and innovation integral to it.

On the 4th of July 2013, seventeen representatives of non-governmental organizations spoke in the morning session of the General Debate : *International Foundation for Home Economics*; *International Federation of University Women*; *Academic Council on the United Nations System*; *Centro di Ricerca e Documentazione Febarrio 74*; *Gazeteciler ve Yazarlar Vakfi*; *World Jewellery Confederation*; *Convention of Independent Financial Advisors*; *Women's Health and Education Centre*; *Organisation Mondiale des Associations pour l'Education Prenatale*; *Assemblea delle Donne per lo Sviluppo e la lotta contro l'esclusione sociale*; *Child Helpline International*; *Internet Society*; *Manavata*; *Organisation pour la communication en afrique et de promotion de la cooperation economique internationale*; *ONG Hope International*; *International Psychology Association*; and *Union de Asociaciones Familiares*.

Most of the NGOs noted the need for greater mobilization of science, technology and innovation in sustainable development. *International Foundation for Home Economics* said education in home economics helped in the implementation of new technologies in the household and the transition from old to new solutions. *Internet Society* said the internet allowed people to access information and express creativity. *International Federation for Family Development* said families were the first environment to experience human development. It was recommended to implement the perspective of families in policy at all levels. *Convention of Independent Financial Advisors* said that debt and the financial health of the developed world was of concern if the world's problems were to be addressed. *Manavata* said 70 per cent of the world's poverty was in rural areas, meaning sustainable agriculture was important. Their sustainable rural development program method allows for decentralized implementation and could help countries reach their targets on sustainability by combining science with traditional methods and culture. The *Organisation pour la communication en Afrique et de promotion de la cooperation economique internationale* said that agriculture was the mainstay of life in Africa.

With regards to women and gender issues, *International Federation of University Women* was gravely concerned by the gender disparity seen in scientific environments and the skillful technology labor force. *L'Organisation Mondiale des Associations pour l'Education Périnatale* said in the process of evolution of sustainable development goals women were at the core and training was needed to ensure that women could use the tools given to them. *Assemblea delle Donne per lo Sviluppo e la lotta contro l'esclusione sociale* said that gender equality in science, technology and innovation was absolutely vital; structural reforms in scientific institutions were needed. *Women's Health and Education Centre* said that investing in wireless technology could lower levels of maternal mortality by allowing the sharing of information.

Regarding children, *Child Helpline International* said that children represented the future of science, technology and innovation. However, the internet and the financial crisis presented new threats to children that the international community had to be alert to. *Union de Asociaciones Familiares* said children and young people were regular users of technology, leading to the creation of a recreational and web-based system to learn, share and experiment with various options to move around the city in a green way. This allowed all citizens to have an impact on carbon emissions and promote sustainable mobility. *Academic Council on the United Nations System* said that the role of the United Nations should be strengthened in general and the Economic and Social Council in particular to better meet the aspirations of the youth of the world. *Gazeteciler ve Yazarlar Vakfi* said free and fair access to education was essential in sustainable development because it allows children to promote peace and use technology.

Finally, *Hope International* said that non-governmental organizations were being effectively excluded from decision-making despite the efforts of the Council. It also said that the commercialization of science and technology was a problem in integrating science, technology and innovation into the sustainable development agenda.

As additional organizations have been recommended by the Committee of NGOs to deliver their oral statements during the 2013 General Segment, the total number of NGOs to speak during the ECOSOC Substantive Session will be determined at the end of the session on 26 July.

Written Statements

With the endeavours and encouragement of the NGO Branch, an overwhelming 147 written statements were selected and circulated during the 2013 ECOSOC High level Segment.

Written statements to the HLS were very informative and enlightening, introducing innovative ideas from NGOs all over the globe. NGOs focused on key problems in various regions and topics related to science, technology, innovation and culture, and made specific recommendations for solutions to use these tools to achieve sustainable development and the MDGs. Following is the list of NGOs that submitted written statements to the Council.

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status	UN Document Symbol ²
Abiodun Adebayo Welfare Foundation	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/3
Academy for Future Science	Special	2003	E/2013/NGO/4
Action Sensibilisation sur les Nouvelles Technologies de L'Information et de la Communication	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/92
African Citizens Development Foundation	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/5
African Women's Association	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/25
Agence de Developpement Economique et Culturel Nord-Sud	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/93
All India Movement for Seva	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/6
American Foundation of Savoy Orders	Roster	2005	E/2013/NGO/7
American Youth Understanding Diabetes Abroad, Inc / AYUDA, Inc.)	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/26
Ankara Foundation of Children with Leukemia	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/8
Asabe Shehu Yar'Adua Foundation	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/144
Assemblea delle Donne per lo Sviluppo e la Lotta Contro L'Esclusione (ASDO)	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/9
Association Burkinabé pour la Survie de l'Enfance	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/94
Association des Jeunes pour l'Agriculture du Mali	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/98
Association for Social and Environmental Development	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/10
Association Mauritanienne pour la promotion du droit	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/95
Association Mondiale de Psychanalyse du Champ Freudien AMP	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/96
Association of African Entrepreneurs	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/11
Association Points-Coeur	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/97
Association pour l'Intégration et le Développement Durable au Burundi	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/99
Australian Association of Yoga in Daily Life	Roster	2004	E/2013/NGO/145
AVSI Foundation	General	1996	E/2013/NGO/2
Cause Première	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/12
Center for Africa Development and Progress	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/13
Centre Africain de Recherche Industrielle (CARI)	Special	2001	E/2013/NGO/100
Centre de Formation aux Techniques Informatiques	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/101
Centro di Ricerca e Documentazione Febbraio 74	General	2002	E/2013/NGO/14
Child Care Consortium	Special	2006	E/2013/NGO/15
Children of the World - Regional Public Charitable Fund of Assistance to Cultural and Sports Development of Children and Young People, The	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/1
Civil Society Legislative Advocacy Centre	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/16
Company of the Daughters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/17
Concile Mondial de Congres Diplomatiques des Aumoniers pour la Paix Universelle des Droits Humains et Juridiques	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/102
Confédération Européenne des Cadres CEC	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/18
Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good Shepherd	Special	1996	E/2013/NGO/19
Consultative Council of Jewish Organizations	Special	1947	E/2013/NGO/20

² Each written statement can be found on the UN Official Document System (ODS) website in each of the six official languages. <http://www.un.org/en/documents/ods/>

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status	UN Document Symbol ²
Consumers International	General	1977	E/2013/NGO/21
Coordination Francaise du Lobby Europeen des Femmes	Special	2000	E/2013/NGO/103
Council for International Organizations of Medical Sciences	Roster		E/2013/NGO/22
Council on Health Research for Development	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/23
Earth Child Institute, Inc.	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/24
Ecumenical Federation of Constantinopolitans	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/27
Egyptian Council for Foreign Affairs	Special	2006	E/2013/NGO/32
Elizabeth Glaser Pediatric AIDS Foundation	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/33
Environmental Management for Livelihood Improvement - Bwaise Facility	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/34
Federacion Internacional de Asociaciones de Ayuda Social Ecologica y Cultural FIADASEC / International Federation of Associations for Social, Ecological and Cultural Help	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/35
Federation Europeenne des Centres de Recherche et d'Information sur le Sectarisme (FECRIS)	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/28
Fondation Genereuse Developpement	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/104
Fondation Ostad Elahi - Ethique et Solidarite Humaine	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/105
Forum of Culture and Arts of Uzbekistan	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/36
Friends of Africa International, Inc.	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/37
Fundacion Eudes	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/115
Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo	Special	2004	E/2013/NGO/38
Fundación Proacceso ECO, Asociación Civil	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/39
Gazeteciler ve Yazarlar Vakfi	General	2012	E/2013/NGO/40
Global Alliance on Accessible Technologies and Environments	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/41
Human Rights Association for Community Development in Assiut	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/43
HYDROAID Water for Development Institute	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/42
Ibero American Institute of Aeronautic and Space Law and Commercial Aviation	Special	1976	E/2013/NGO/45
Imam Ali's Popular Students Relief Society	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/46
Indian Development Foundation	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/47
Information Habitat: Where Information Lives (IHWIL)	Special	1995	E/2013/NGO/48
Ingenieurs du Monde	Special	2006	E/2013/NGO/49
Innovation: Africa	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/50
Institute for Planetary Synthesis	Roster	1998	E/2013/NGO/136
Institute of International Social Development	Special	2000	E/2013/NGO/116
International Architects Designers Planners for Social Responsibility	Special	1993	E/2013/NGO/123
International Association of Students in Agricultural and Related Sciences	Roster		E/2013/NGO/51
International Centre for Missing and Exploited Children	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/30
International Commission on Occupational Health	Roster		E/2013/NGO/52
International Council of Scientific Unions	Special	1971	E/2013/NGO/31
International Ecological Safety Cooperative Organization	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/117
International Federation for Family Development	General	2011	E/2013/NGO/124
International Federation for Home Economics	Special	1981	E/2013/NGO/132
International Federation of University Women	Special	1947	E/2013/NGO/53
International Ocean Institute	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/118
International Ontopsychology Association	Special	1999	E/2013/NGO/54
International Presentation Association of the Sisters of the Presentation of the Blessed Virgin Mary	Special	2000	E/2013/NGO/55
International Public Policy Institute	Roster	1984	E/2013/NGO/56
International Risk Governance Council (IRGC)	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/57
International Shinto Foundation (ISF)	Special	2001	E/2013/NGO/58

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status	UN Document Symbol ²
Internet Society	Special	2010	E/2013/NGO/59
Interregional Union of Life Help for Mentally Handicapped Persons "Sail of Hope"	Special	2002	E/2013/NGO/119
IRESA International Radio Emergency Support Coalition	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/44
IUS PRIMI VIRI International Association	Special	2004	E/2013/NGO/29
Jeunesse Horizon	Special	2004	E/2013/NGO/114
Korea Institute of Brain Science (KIBS)	Roster	2007	E/2013/NGO/129
Krityanand UNESCO Club Jamshedpur	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/60
Legiao da Boa Vontade - Legion of Good Will	General	1999	E/2013/NGO/61
Maryknoll Sisters of St. Dominic, Inc.	Special	1998	E/2013/NGO/62
Mouvement Mondial des Mères International	General	2004	E/2013/NGO/63
Movement for a Better World	Special	2003	E/2013/NGO/64
Mundo Sin Guerras	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/125
National Council of Child Rights Advocates, Nigeria: South West Zone	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/66
NCCI (NGO Coordination Committee for Iraq)	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/65
New Future Foundation, Inc.	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/67
Ngoma Club	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/106
Nigeria-Togo Association	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/107
Objectif Sciences International	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/68
OceanCare	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/133
ONG Hope International	General	2011	E/2013/NGO/108
Organisation Mondiale des associations pour l'éducation prénatale	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/109
Organisation pour la Communication en Afrique et de Promotion de la Cooperation Economique Internationale - OCAPROCE Internationale	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/69
Osservatorio per la Comunicazione Culturale e l'Audiovisivo nel Mediterraneo e nel Mondo	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/70
Pacific Rim Institute for Development & Education	Special	1999	E/2013/NGO/120
Peace Operation Training Institute Inc.	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/135
Peace Worldwide	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/71
Pos Keadilan Peduli Ummat	Special	2008	E/2013/NGO/72
Quaker Earthcare Witness	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/73
RESO-Femmes	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/110
Sacro Militare Ordine Costantiniano di San Giorgio	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/74
Salesian Missions, Inc.	Special	2007	E/2013/NGO/137
Save the Children International	General	1993	E/2013/NGO/75
Saviya Development Foundation	Special	1998	E/2013/NGO/76
Self-Help Development Facilitators	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/77
Shanta Memorial Rehabilitation Centre	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/78
Social Initiatives Support Fund	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/79
Society for Upliftment of Masses, The	Special	1999	E/2013/NGO/121
Society of Catholic Medical Missionaries	Special	2000	E/2013/NGO/130
Society to Support Children Suffering from Cancer (MAHAK)	Special	2001	E/2013/NGO/126
Somali Women Civil War Survivors	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/134
Sri Swami Madhavananda World Peace Council	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/127
Stichting Spanda	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/122
Synergie Developpement et Partenariat International (SYDEPI - SYFODIP)	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/111
The Institute for Conscious Global Change, Inc.	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/80

Organization	Type of Status	Year of Status	UN Document Symbol ²
Third World Academy of Science	Roster		E/2013/NGO/146
Third World Network	Roster		E/2013/NGO/128
Tour Opération et Initiatives	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/112
Training for Women Network	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/81
Umid Support to social development public union	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/82
Union for International Cancer Control	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/131
Union of British Columbia Indian Chiefs	Special	2003	E/2013/NGO/91
United Cities and Local Governments	General	1947	E/2013/NGO/83
Univers de Solidarité et de Développement	Special	2011	E/2013/NGO/113
Unnayan Onneshan	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/84
Virtue Foundation	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/85
Voice of Change International	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/86
Volontariato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo	Special	2009	E/2013/NGO/87
Women Environmental Programme	Special	2005	E/2013/NGO/88
Women's Board Educational Cooperation Society	Special	2001	E/2013/NGO/89
WOOMB International Ltd	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/147
World Blind Union	General	1999	E/2013/NGO/90
World Circle of the Consensus:Self-sustaining People, Organizations and Communities (SPOC)	Roster	2000	E/2013/NGO/138
World Family Organization	General	1948	E/2013/NGO/139
World for World Organization	Special	2006	E/2013/NGO/140
World Society for the Protection of Animals	Special	1971	E/2013/NGO/143
World Society of Victimology	Special	1987	E/2013/NGO/141
Yakutia - Our Opinion	Special	2012	E/2013/NGO/142